

1500 - 2000

DESCOBERTA DO BRASIL

THE DISCOVERY OF BRAZIL

CT1HHP

Luciano F. Melo ex - CR6FM

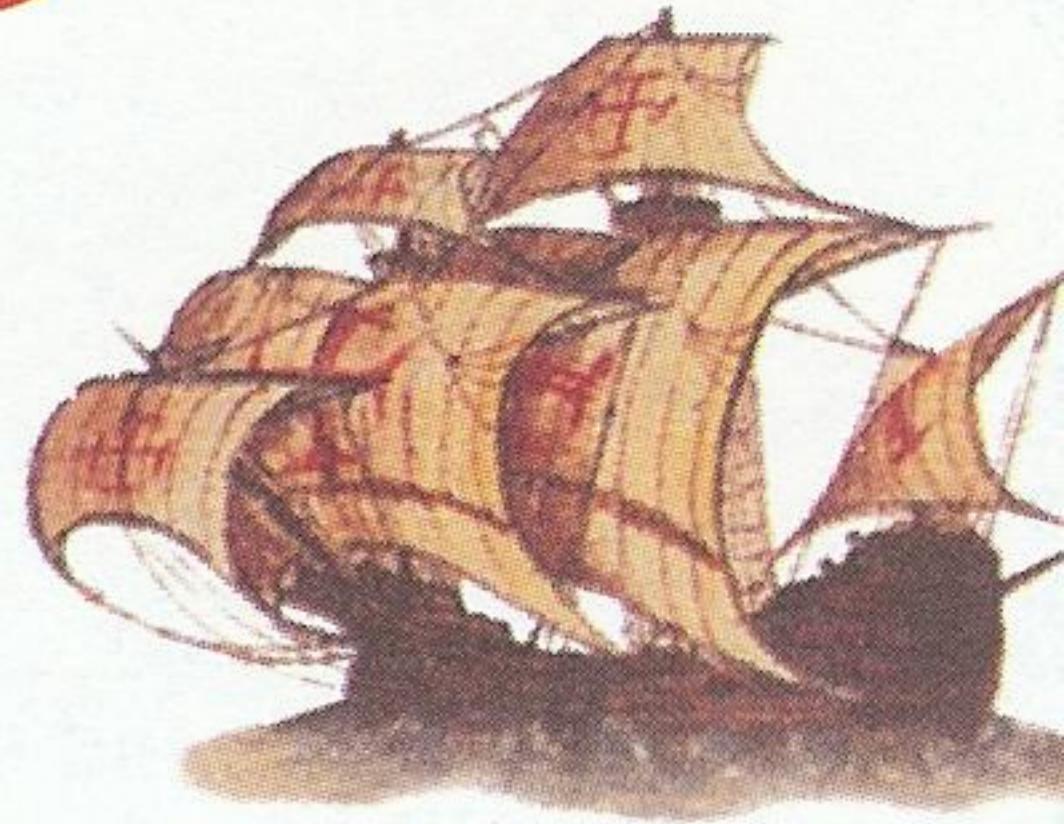
Rua do Castelo, 427 r/c Esq.

4425-041 Águas Santas - Maia

PORTUGAL

E-mail ct1hhp@oniduo.pt

Pedro
Álvares Cabral



COMEMORAÇÕES DOS
DESCOBRIEMENTOS
PORTUGUESES



A 22 de Abril de 1500 a armada de Pedro Álvares Cabral avistava terra a Oeste do Atlântico. Não se sabia se era uma ilha ou um continente. E porque havia pressa de chegar à Índia mandou-se notícia do achamento a Lisboa e prosseguiu-se o caminho. Outras armadas lá foram, outras expedições por terra depois se embrenharam pelos sertões. Foram-se fixando populações portuguesas. E começou a delinearse o imenso território que é hoje o Brasil. Pau-brasil porque era cor de brasa o pau da tinturaria que logo por lá se encontrou. E onde depois se desenvolveu a cana-de-açúcar, o tabaco, o algodão, bem mais tarde o café, o cacau, a borracha ... A terra dava tudo, logo se disse, e os séculos confirmaram. E, sobretudo, nele se foi erguendo uma peculiar formação social, bem distinta das que da parte espanhola da América do Sul se estavam a criar.

PORUTGAL BRASIL 1500 2000

5 0

It was on 22 April 1500 that Pedro Álvares Cabral's fleet sighted land on the west of the Atlantic. With no idea as to whether it was an island or a continent and given their haste to reach India, the news of their discovery was sent back to Lisbon while they went on their way. Other fleets followed and landed, and overland expeditions pushed into the interior wilderness. Gradually, Portuguese settlements sprang up and the territory that is now Brazil was slowly defined. It was called Brazil after the rich ember (brasa in Portuguese) red colour of one type of wood, called brazil-wood, found there and used to dye clothes. Other crops such as sugarcane, tobacco and cotton followed, while later additions included coffee, cocoa and rubber. From the very start, it was said that the land gave the settlers everything they needed, a prediction that time would confirm. This land gave rise to an individual form of social structure that was very different from the one established in the Spanish-ruled part of Latin America.



CALL	Year	Month	Day	UTC	Mhz	2-Way	RST
AI4W	2008	AUG	23	21:29	20m	SSB	57